

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A substrate, comprising:
an electrically conducting and heatable coating;
at least one communication window made in the coating in the form of an interruption, the window being able to allow communication radiation used as signal carrying information to be transmitted therethrough and whose wavelength lies in a span of wavelengths that can be reflected or absorbed by the coating; and
an electrically conducting element in contact with at least one part of edges of the window and in contact with the coating;
wherein the communication window is provided with an electrically conducting covering electrically connected to said electrically conducting element, said covering having a plurality of interruptions in the window.

Claim 2 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, wherein the covering is deposited on the coating in such a way that it covers on all the sides the edges of the communication window and comprises said electrically conducting element.

Claim 3 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, wherein the covering has a lower ohmic resistance per unit surface area than the ohmic resistance per unit surface area of said coating.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, wherein the coating can be energized and heated by an electrical voltage by means of at least two current collecting

strips and the electrically conducting covering is situated in the current flow between the current collecting strips.

Claim 5 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, wherein the covering can also be heated through resistance heating.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, wherein interruptions are made in the covering, which increase its permeability to said communication radiation through the communication window but which do not prevent current flow through the covering.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 6, wherein the interruptions in the covering comprise slot antennas tuned to said communication radiation through the communication window.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 6, wherein the interruptions in the covering are formed perpendicularly to one another.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 6, characterized in that the interruptions in the covering comprise crossed slots and/or slots oriented alternately perpendicularly to one another.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, wherein the covering comprises printed electrically conducting ink.

Claim 11 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, comprising at least two current collecting strips in the form of printed bands for applying a heating voltage to the coating.

Claim 12 (Previously Presented): The substrate as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that the covering and the current collecting strips are composed of the same substance.

Claim 13 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, characterized in that said covering forms at least in part a sun visor.

Claim 14 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 1, comprising a laminated pane composed of a first rigid pane provided with the coating and the covering; a second rigid pane; and an adhesive layer disposed between the first and second rigid panes.

Claim 15 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 2, wherein the covering has a lower ohmic resistance per unit surface area than the ohmic resistance per unit surface area of said coating.

Claim 16 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 2, wherein the coating can be energized and by an electrical voltage by means of at least two current collecting strips, and the electrically conducting covering is situated in the current flow between the current collecting strips.

Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 3, wherein the coating can be energized and heated by an electrical voltage by means of at least two current collecting

strips, and the electrically conducting covering is situated in the current flow between the current collecting strips.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 2, wherein interruptions are made in the covering, which increase its permeability to said communication radiation through the communication window but which do not prevent current flow through the covering.

Claim 19 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 3, wherein interruptions are made in the covering, which increase its permeability to said communication radiation through the communication window but which do not prevent current flow through the covering.

Claim 20 (Previously Presented): The substrate of claim 4, wherein interruptions are made in the covering, which increase its permeability to said communication radiation through the communication window but which do not prevent current flow through the covering.

Claim 21 (New): The substrate of claim 1, wherein said covering substantially covers said window.